	Week 1 V	Veek 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn Term			Everyday Materials				Seasona (2hrs p Pla (2hrs p	Everyday Materials				
Spring Term	Seasonal (2hrs pe Pla (2hrs pe	r term) nts	An	imals Inclu	uding huma	ins	(2hrs p Pla	I changes er term) ants er term)	F	Animals Incl	uding huma	ins
Summer Term	Seasonal changes (2hrs per term) Plants (2hrs per term)		An	imals Inclu	mals Including humans		Seasonal changes (2hrs per term) Plants (2hrs per term)		Plants			



St Briavels Science Curriculum Map

Year 1 - Suggested Long-term Plan

• Plants should be taught throughout the year and closely linked to the seasonal change topic. Children should explore how trees and plants change with the seasons (with special attention paid to the different between deciduous and evergreen trees). Children should be regularly identifying trees and plants in the school grounds and local area. Set the challenge of identifying every plant that is growing in the school grounds and around.

While exploring outside some aspects of the Animals Including Humans topic could also be covered e.g. *identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense*. See Tree tools for schools for sound and scent scavenger hunts, <u>https://www.tree-toolsforschools.org.uk/menu/</u>

Year 2 – Suggested Long-term Plan

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12		
Autumn Term	Living things & (2hrs per Plan (2hrs per	term) Its		Uses of everyday materials				ngs & their itats er term) ints er term)	Use	Uses of everyday materials				
Spring Term	Living things & t (2hrs per Plan (2hrs per	term) I ts		Animals including humans				ngs & their itats er term) ints er term)		mals including	g humans			
Summer Term	Living things & (2hrs per Plan (2hrs per	term) Its		Uses of ev	/eryday ma	terials		Living things & their habitats Plants						

• Children should explore habitats throughout the year, identifying the living things that are found there (including any plants) and observing how they change.

- Children should regularly collect things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive. Some of the things they collect could be added to a class collection.
- While regularly exploring outdoors the Teacher children could think about what the living things that they observe eat. This will support them when they explore food chains in more detail as part of this topic in Summer 2.
- Uses of everyday materials in Summer 1 will enable the Teacher to revisit the learning from the Autumn term and develop it further.
- Learning about living things and their habitats will also provide opportunities to explore the following substantive knowledge from the animals including humans topics:

• Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.

Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air).

Year 3 – Suggested Long-term Plan

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4 Week 5		Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	
Autumn Term			Plants	Rocks and Soils Animals including human					humans				
Spring		.		Diamite	Ecross and Magnete								
Term		Anim	als including	numans		Plants	Forces and Magnets						
Summer				Light				Plants					
Term				Light		Fidilits							

- Schedule 1-2 lessons in the Autumn term (around the half term holiday would be ideal) to focus on the seed dispersal part of the Plants topic. At this time of year lots of trees and plants will be dispersing seeds and this will provide a great opportunity to experience this first-hand. Seeds can also be collected and stored to support learning in Summer 2 when the Plants topic will be explored in more detail.
- Schedule 1-2 lessons in the Spring term (ideally in Spring 2) to observe the process of pollination at first-hand.

Both of the above can be revisited in Summer 2 in more depth if necessary but this approach enables children to have first-hand learning experiences which will make the learning more memorable/embedded.

Year 4 – Suggested Long-term Plan

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn Term	Living things and their habitats		Stat	tes of Mat	ter		Living things and their habitats	States of Matter			Sound	
Spring Term	Living things and their habitats		Sound				Living things and their habitats	Electricity				
Summer Term	Electricity	ý	Living	things ar	nd their ha	abitats		Anim	als includ	ling human	S	

• Living things and their habitats should be taught throughout the year with pupils regularly revisiting/surveying different habitats to see how the plants and animals living there are changing.

States of Matter should be taught before Sound to support their understanding of how sound needs a medium to travel through (e.g. a solid, liquid or gas).

Year 5 – Suggested Long-term Plan

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12			
Autumn Term	Properties of Materials*							Forces							
Spring Term	Earth and Space							Changes of Materials (part of the Properties of Materials topic) *							
Summer Term		Liv	ing things ar	nd their habit	ats		Animals including humans								

- *The 'properties of materials' topic contains a lot of content and should be taught over a whole term. Above it has been split into two parts.
 - In the first part of the topic it is suggested the following is covered:
 - Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets.
 - Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic.
 - In the second part of the topic it is suggested the following is covered:

- Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.
- Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating.
- Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes.
- Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.
- In the second part of the topic it is vital to revisit/recap the previous learning from the first part.

Forces should be taught before Earth and Space so children can revisit/apply their understanding of gravity in the context of planets/space (especially when learning about orbits and why things go around each other).

Year 6 – Long-term Plan

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12		
Autumn Term	Animals including humans							Electricity						
Spring Term	Light							Liv	ing things ar	nd their habit	ats			
Summer Term	Evolution and inheritance							Revisiting topics and ensuring mastery of the working scientifically skills*						

• Teach Evolution and Inheritance in the Summer Term. This topic contains some challenging concepts to it's best taught when children have matured as much as possible.

THE WYE FOREST FEDERATION CURRICULUM

*Summer 2 in Year 6 could be spent revisiting science topics from earlier in the year and ensuring that the children have mastered all the working scientifically skills as detailed in the end of KS2 teacher assessment framework. Pupils could ask their own questions related to science they've covered and devise their own experiments to answer them. Teachers could hold 'science days' to enable an in-depth focus on the working scientifically skills and ensure that there are no gaps in pupils knowledge & understanding.