

Wye Forest Federation

Redbrook Church of England Primary School

St Briavels Parochial Church of England Primary School



Recruitment of Ex-Offenders Policy

This policy was agreed by the Full Governing Body on: (and supersedes all previous policies relating to this area)	26.9.2024
Implemented:	September 2024
Revised	
Review date:	1.9.2025

Exemption from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974

Ex-offenders have to disclose information about spent, as well as unspent convictions if the job for which they are applying is exempted from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974.

How this affects school based jobs

All school based jobs are exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act as the work brings employees into contact with children who are regarded by the Act as a vulnerable group. **Applicants for school based jobs must, therefore, disclose all spent and unspent convictions.**

All applicants who are offered employment in a school will be subject to a criminal record check from the Disclosure and Barring Service before an appointment is confirmed. This will include details of cautions, reprimands and warnings as well as spent and unspent convictions. An enhanced DBS (check) may also contain non-conviction information from local police records which a chief police officer thinks may be relevant.

Having a criminal record will not necessarily bar someone from working in a school. Criminal records will be taken into account for recruitment purposes only when the conviction is relevant.

Any DBS that contains information (caution, reprimand, conviction, soft information) will be referred to Gloucestershire County Council DBS Panel for consideration.

Schools undertake not to discriminate unfairly against any subject of a Disclosure on the basis of conviction or other information revealed.

When reaching a recruitment decision GCC DBS Panel will take the following factors into account:

- Whether the conviction or other matter revealed is relevant to the position in question
- The seriousness of any offence or other matter revealed
- The length of time since the offence or other matter occurred
- Whether the applicant has a pattern of offending behaviour or other relevant matters
- Whether the applicant's circumstances have changed since the offending behaviour or the other relevant matters, and
- The circumstances surrounding the offence and the explanation(s) offered of the offending person.

There are, however, particular offences that would automatically prevent an offer of employment in a school being confirmed. These include:

- Rape
- Incest
- Unlawful sexual intercourse
- Indecent assault

- Gross indecency
- Taking or distributing indecent photographs

Other offences which make it unlikely (although not automatic) for an offer of employment in a school to be confirmed include the following:

- Violent behaviour towards children or young people
- A sexual, or otherwise inappropriate relationship with a pupil (regardless of whether the pupil is over the legal age of consent)
- A sexual offence against someone over the age of 16
- Any offence involving serious violence
- Drug trafficking and other drug related offences
- Stealing school property or monies
- Deception in relation to employment as a teacher or at a school, for example false claims about qualifications, or failure to disclose past convictions
- Any conviction which results in a sentence of more than 12 months' imprisonment
- Repeated misconduct or multiple convictions unless of a very minor nature.

If appropriate, applicants will be invited to discuss disclosure information before a final recruitment decision is made.

It may be necessary at times to update the records of existing employees. Existing employees who are found to have criminal records will not be dismissed as a matter of course. Each case will be considered on its merits, and an assessment of risk and relevance will be involved.